

CS638-2 Fall 1999

Quiz 2 - September 23, 1999 closed book and notes!

Name:

CS Login:

Question 1:

What are the colors at the corners of the RGB color cube, and what are their RGB values if use the range 0-1 (e.g. Red would be (1,0,0)). ?

red (1,0,0), green(0,1,0), blue (0,0,1), black(0,0,0), white(1,1,1), yellow(1,1,0), cyan(0,1,1), magenta(1,0,1)

Question 2:

A printer uses Cyan, Yellow, and Magenta Inks. If it runs out of yellow ink, which of the colors in question 1 will it NOT be able to print.

black, green, red, yellow

Question 3:

A printer prints grayscale images in black and white printer using a fixed 3x3 half-tone screen.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & 6 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 8 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 . This process is also called an "ordered dither". The printer prints 2 intensities, 9 (for black) and 0 (for white). Input images have range 0 (white) to 9 (black).

A customer brings in an image consisting of thin (1-pixel wide), solid (all one darkness), gray diagonal lines on a white background. They are upset when their image prints as solid white. Show a sample of the upper left corner of the darkest possible image they could have brought. (remember: dark = higher numbers). Please leave 0 valued entries (pixels) blank. HINT: an image of all 0's will produce an image of all 0s.

Image would have values 4 along diagonals either Starting at 0,1 and going down to the right

		4		
4			4	
	4			4
		4		

Question 4:

Floyd-Sternberg Dithering is used quantize an image to three values [0,32,64].

The error diffusion matrix is $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 8 \\ 8 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$. The image is

56	51	52	32	64
50	47	32	40	50
36	59	21	32	32

What are the pixel values for the top row of the resulting image? How much error is "pushed off to the right" of the top row?

HINTS: a pixel goes to the greater value if it is greater than or equal to the threshold; your answer should be 6 numbers

[64, 64, 32, 32, 64] error = 14*27/64